

TracAdmin

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Error: Macro TracGuideToc(None) failed

```
'NoneType' object has no attribute 'find'
```

Trac is distributed with a powerful command-line configuration tool. This tool can be used to configure and customize your Trac installation to better fit your needs.

Some of the configurations can also be performed via the web administration module.

Usage

For nearly every `trac-admin` command, the first argument must be the path to the [TracEnvironment](#):

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv wiki list
```

The only exception is for the `help` command, but even in this case, if you omit the environment you will only get a very succinct list of commands (`help` and `initenv`), the same list you would get when invoking `trac-admin` alone. `trac-admin --version` will tell you about the Trac version (e.g. 1.2) corresponding to the program.

To get a comprehensive list of the available command and sub-command, specify the path to an environment:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv help
```

Some commands have more detailed help, which you can access by specifying the command's name as a subcommand for `help`:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv help <command>
```

When an error occurs in a `trac-admin` command the return value will be 2 and error messages are printed to `stderr`.

trac-admin <targetdir> initenv

This subcommand is very important as is the one used to create a [TracEnvironment](#) in the specified `<targetdir>`. That directory must not exist prior to the call.

```
initenv [<projectname> <db> [<repostype> <repospath>]]
```

Create and initialize a new environment

If no arguments are given, then the required parameters are requested interactively unless the optional argument `--config` is specified.

One or more optional arguments `--inherit=PATH` can be used to specify the "[inherit] file" option at environment creation time, so that only the options not already specified in one of the global configuration files are

written to the `conf/trac.ini` file of the newly created environment. Relative paths are resolved relative to the "conf" directory of the new environment.

The optional argument `--config=PATH` can be used to specify a configuration file that is used to populate the environment configuration. The arguments `<projectname>`, `<db>` and any other arguments passed in the invocation are optional, but if specified will override values in the configuration file.

It supports the `--inherit` option, which specifies a global configuration file for sharing settings between several environments. You can also inherit from a shared configuration afterwards, by setting the `[inherit]` file option in the `conf/trac.ini` file in your newly created environment. The advantage of specifying the inherited configuration file at environment creation time is that only the options *not* specified in the global configuration file will be written to the environment's `conf/trac.ini` file. See [TracIni#GlobalConfiguration](#).

Interactive Mode

`trac-admin` starts in interactive mode when the environment path is the only argument. Commands can then be executed on the selected environment using the prompt, which offers tab-completion when the Python `readline` module is available. It also offers automatic repetition of the last command issued.

The `readline` module should be available on all Unix-compatible platforms. For Windows, support can be obtained by installing [?pyreadline](#).

Once you are in interactive mode, you can also get help on specific commands or subsets of commands:

For example, to get an explanation of the `resync` command, run:

```
$ help resync
```

To get help on all the Wiki-related commands, run:

```
$ help wiki
```

Full Command Reference

You will find below the detailed help for all the commands available by default in `trac-admin`. Note that this may not match the list given by `trac-admin <yourenv> help`, as the commands pertaining to components disabled in that environment won't be available and conversely some plugins activated in the environment may add their own commands.

```
help
```

```
Show documentation
```

```
initenv [<projectname> <db> [<repostype> <repospath>]]
```

```
Create and initialize a new environment
```

```
If no arguments are given, then the required parameters are requested interactively unless the optional argument `--config` is specified.
```

```
One or more optional arguments --inherit=PATH can be used to specify the "[inherit] file" option at environment creation time, so that only the options not already specified in one of the global configuration files are written to the conf/trac.ini file of the newly created environment. Relative paths are resolved relative to the "conf" directory of the new
```

`trac-admin <targetdir> initenv`

environment.

The optional argument `--config=PATH` can be used to specify a configuration file that is used to populate the environment configuration. The arguments `<projectname>`, `<db>` and any other arguments passed in the invocation are optional, but if specified will override values in the configuration file.

`attachment add <realm:id> <path> [author] [description]`

Attach a file to a resource

The resource is identified by its realm and identifier. The attachment will be named according to the base name of the file.

`attachment export <realm:id> <name> [destination]`

Export an attachment from a resource to a file or stdout

The resource is identified by its realm and identifier. If no destination is specified, the attachment is output to stdout.

`attachment list <realm:id>`

List attachments of a resource

The resource is identified by its realm and identifier.

`attachment remove <realm:id> <name>`

Remove an attachment from a resource

The resource is identified by its realm and identifier.

`changeset added <repos> <rev> [rev] [...]`

Notify trac about changesets added to a repository

This command should be called from a post-commit hook. It will trigger a cache update and notify components about the addition.

`changeset modified <repos> <rev> [rev] [...]`

Notify trac about changesets modified in a repository

This command should be called from a post-revprop hook after revision properties like the commit message, author or date have been changed. It will trigger a cache update for the given revisions and notify components about the change.

`component add <name> [owner]`

Add a new component

`component chown <name> <owner>`

Change component ownership

`component list`

Show available components

`component remove <name>`

Remove/uninstall a component

`component rename <name> <newname>`

Rename a component

```
config get <section> <option>
```

Get the value of the given option in "trac.ini"

```
config remove <section> <option>
```

Remove the specified option from "trac.ini"

```
config set <section> <option> <value>
```

Set the value for the given option in "trac.ini"

```
deploy <directory>
```

Extract static resources from Trac and all plugins

```
hotcopy <backupdir> [--no-database]
```

Make a hot backup copy of an environment

The database is backed up to the 'db' directory of the destination, unless the --no-database option is specified.

```
milestone add <name> [due]
```

Add milestone

```
milestone completed <name> <completed>
```

Set milestone complete date

The <completed> date must be specified in the "MM/dd/YY hh:mm:ss" or "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss±hh:mm" (ISO 8601) format. Alternatively, "now" can be used to set the completion date to the current time. To remove the completion date from a milestone, specify an empty string ("").

```
milestone due <name> <due>
```

Set milestone due date

The <due> date must be specified in the "MM/dd/YY hh:mm:ss" or "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss±hh:mm" (ISO 8601) format. Alternatively, "now" can be used to set the due date to the current time. To remove the due date from a milestone, specify an empty string ("").

```
milestone list
```

Show milestones

```
milestone remove <name>
```

Remove milestone

```
milestone rename <name> <newname>
```

Rename milestone

```
permission add <user> <action> [action] [...]
```

Add a new permission rule

```
permission export [file]
```

Export permission rules to a file or stdout as CSV

```
permission import [file]
```

Import permission rules from a file or stdin as CSV

```
permission list [user]
```

List permission rules

```
permission remove <user> <action> [action] [...]
```

Remove a permission rule

```
priority add <value>
```

Add a priority value option

```
priority change <value> <newvalue>
```

Change a priority value

```
priority list
```

Show possible ticket priorities

```
priority order <value> up|down
```

Move a priority value up or down in the list

```
priority remove <value>
```

Remove a priority value

```
repository add <repos> <dir> [type]
```

Add a source repository

```
repository alias <name> <target>
```

Create an alias for a repository

```
repository list
```

List source repositories

```
repository remove <repos>
```

Remove a source repository

```
repository resync <repos> [rev]
```

Re-synchronize trac with repositories

When [rev] is specified, only that revision is synchronized. Otherwise, the complete revision history is synchronized. Note that this operation can take a long time to complete. If synchronization gets interrupted, it can be resumed later using the `sync` command.

To synchronize all repositories, specify "*" as the repository.

```
repository set <repos> <key> <value>
```

Set an attribute of a repository

The following keys are supported: alias, description, dir, hidden, name,

```

    sync_per_request, type, url

repository sync <repos> [rev]

    Resume synchronization of repositories

    It works like `resync`, except that it doesn't clear the already
    synchronized changesets, so it's a better way to resume an interrupted
    `resync`.

    See `resync` help for detailed usage.

resolution add <value>

    Add a resolution value option

resolution change <value> <newvalue>

    Change a resolution value

resolution list

    Show possible ticket resolutions

resolution order <value> up|down

    Move a resolution value up or down in the list

resolution remove <value>

    Remove a resolution value

session add <sid[:0|1]> [name] [email]

    Create a session for the given sid

    Populates the name and email attributes for the given session. Adding a
    suffix ':0' to the sid makes the session unauthenticated, and a suffix ':1'
    makes it authenticated (the default if no suffix is specified).

session delete <sid[:0|1]> [...]

    Delete the session of the specified sid

    An sid suffix ':0' operates on an unauthenticated session with the given
    sid, and a suffix ':1' on an authenticated session (the default).
    Specifying the sid 'anonymous' will delete all anonymous sessions.

session list [sid[:0|1]] [...]

    List the name and email for the given sids

    Specifying the sid 'anonymous' lists all unauthenticated sessions, and
    'authenticated' all authenticated sessions. '*' lists all sessions, and is
    the default if no sids are given.

    An sid suffix ':0' operates on an unauthenticated session with the given
    sid, and a suffix ':1' on an authenticated session (the default).

session purge <age>

    Purge anonymous sessions older than the given age or date

    Age may be specified as a relative time like "90 days ago", or as a date in
    the "MM/dd/YY hh:mm:ss" or "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss±hh:mm" (ISO 8601) format.

```

session set <name|email|default_handler> <sid[:0|1]> <value>

Set the name or email attribute of the given sid

An sid suffix ':0' operates on an unauthenticated session with the given sid, and a suffix ':1' on an authenticated session (the default).

severity add <value>

Add a severity value option

severity change <value> <newvalue>

Change a severity value

severity list

Show possible ticket severities

severity order <value> up|down

Move a severity value up or down in the list

severity remove <value>

Remove a severity value

ticket remove <number>

Remove ticket

ticket_type add <value>

Add a ticket type

ticket_type change <value> <newvalue>

Change a ticket type

ticket_type list

Show possible ticket types

ticket_type order <value> up|down

Move a ticket type up or down in the list

ticket_type remove <value>

Remove a ticket type

upgrade [--no-backup]

Upgrade database to current version

The database is backed up to the directory specified by [trac] backup_dir (the default is 'db'), unless the --no-backup option is specified. The shorthand alias -b can also be used to specify --no-backup.

version add <name> [time]

Add version

version list

Show versions

version remove <name>

Remove version

version rename <name> <newname>

Rename version

version time <name> <time>

Set version date

The <time> must be specified in the "MM/dd/YY hh:mm:ss" or "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss±hh:mm" (ISO 8601) format. Alternatively, "now" can be used to set the version date to the current time. To remove the date from a version, specify an empty string ("").

wiki dump <directory> [page] [...]

Export wiki pages to files named by title

Individual wiki page names can be specified after the directory. A name ending with a * means that all wiki pages starting with that prefix should be dumped. If no name is specified, all wiki pages are dumped.

wiki export <page> [file]

Export wiki page to file or stdout

wiki import <page> [file]

Import wiki page from file or stdin

wiki list

List wiki pages

wiki load <path> [...]

Import wiki pages from files

If a given path is a file, it is imported as a page with the name of the file. If a path is a directory, all files in that directory are imported.

wiki remove <page>

Remove wiki page

wiki rename <page> <new_name>

Rename wiki page

wiki replace <path> [...]

Replace the content of wiki pages from files (DANGEROUS!)

This command replaces the content of the last version of one or more wiki pages with new content. The previous content is lost, and no new entry is created in the page history. The metadata of the page (time, author) is not changed either.

If a given path is a file, it is imported as a page with the name of the file. If a path is a directory, all files in that directory are imported.

WARNING: This operation results in the loss of the previous content and

cannot be undone. It may be advisable to backup the current content using "wiki dump" beforehand.

wiki upgrade

Upgrade default wiki pages to current version

See also: [TracBackup](#), [TracEnvironment](#), [TracIni](#), [?TracMigrate](#)