This document explains how to write correct documentation in header source files for the MutekH API reference manual.

The manual is generate from both plain documentation file located in the doc/ directory and some chosen header source files. These files are processed using the ?MkDoc tool. This tool **comes with a manual**, but it's still worth detailing some MutekH specific issues here.

Documentation generation

Get the MkDoc tool

Installation is quite easy, you just have to get the source and add the mkdoc/src directory in your PATH environment variable:

```
svn co http://svn.savannah.gnu.org/svn/mkdoc/trunk mkdoc
export PATH=$PATH:$PWD/mkdoc/src
```

You can install the package in a permanent way too with make install.

Building the doc

The MutekH build system handle all the tool invocation stuff:

```
$ make doc
```

Please have a look to warning messages. Most Undefined type messages are ok but other messages may indicate real issues.

Adding files and modules

If you want to add new header files, just insert a line in your local Makefile with the relative header name:

```
doc_headers = stdio.h sys/types.h
```

Every documented header file must contains a documentation for the file itself. This description comment must contain a @file tag not to be attached to the next declaration (see example below).

Files, macros and symbols can be grouped in a documentation module. This is a good idea to **create a documentation module for each MutekH library**. This can be done by declaring the new module **in the doc/top.mkdoc file**:

```
@moduledef{My great library}
@short This is a simple module example
This module ... blabla ... long description.
@end group
```

The MutekH module must be added in the global doc/header_list.mk file too.

Module ownership can be declared in a per declaration basis using the <code>@module</code> tag, however it's inherited by default. This means all symbols declared in a header file associated with a module are owned by the same module.

Configuration tokens

Build system configuration tokens are documented in each .config file using the mandatory %desc line. These descriptions and all token relationships information is used to generate a **dedicated section** in the documentation. Module **ownership must be specified** in .config files for tokens being associated with their module:

```
%module My great library
%config CONFIG_MY_OPTION
desc Please try to write a really useful descrption here from now !!!
%config end
```

Writing documentation in headers

Comments format

Code documentation is inserted in source file **using special comment formats** beginning with /** (exactly 2 stars) or //<. The former must be placed before the associated declaration. The latter must be placed after the declaration but **doesn't work with macros** if on the same line (it's feature, read the manual :)).

```
/** This is a special error code. */
#define EPOUFCTOUT 42
int useless; //< @this may not be used.</pre>
```

Please always **make complete sentences** starting with Capitals. The <code>@this</code> tag can be used as a shortcut which is replaced by something like "*This static function*", "*This variable*" ... It would be great to apply this to configuration tokens description too. Note this advice **does not apply to short description** of files and modules introduced by a <code>@short</code> tag which must be brief.

```
/**
  @file
  @short Useless header file
  @module {My great library}

Some optional long description and documentation...
*/
/** get a useless value (BAD) */
int badly_commented();

/** This function gets a useless value. */
int well_commented();

/** @this gets a useless value. */
int smartly_commented();
```

Useful tags

Many other tags are useful:

- @internal: This tag must be used to mark internals functions. In the MutekH project the policy is to mark all symbols which should not be used directly by the user as internal. **Internal are still displayed** in the documentation but marked as such.
- @hidden: This tag must be used to hide something you really don't want to appear in the documentation. Note that **preprocessor macros are hidden by default** if not commented.

- @multiple: This tag can be used to apply the same documentation more than once, up to the next documentation comment.
- @param and @return: These tags can be used to document parameters and return values. Please **don't** use it for all functions if the information are obvious. The @return tag starts a sentence like "*The return value is*". The @param tag adds a "*Parameters list*:" if at the beginning of a paragraph.
- @showcontent: This tag can be used to make the content of a preprocessor macro and numerical values of enums visible in the documentation.
- @ref and @see: These tags may be used when refering to an other symbol. The @ref tag just insert a link to the specified symbol where it appears. @see tags automatically generate a nice sentence add the symbol documentation end pointing to all related symbols. Do not forget to **prepend a sharp (#) sign to macro names** as they are in a different name space to avoid collisions. Headers and modules can be refered too with @ and + sign prefix.
- @url can be used to add an internet link. You may use this to link against this wiki.

Some examples:

```
/** @hidden */
#define while if
 @multiple @internal
 Othis is an internal error code.
 @see #EPOUFCTOUT @see #ESTUPIDUSER
#define EFOO 1
#define EBAR 2
 Othis is really complex, you have better using the Oref works_better function instead.
 @param a Action to perform
 @param b Repeat count
 @param c Special parameter
 @return the negative error code.
int la_fonction_qui_fait_tout(char *a, int b, const short c);
 Othis expands to something hard to explain.
 @showcontent
\#define X(a,b) do { int c = a(b); } while (0)
```

Many other tags can be used to format text, insert examples, write structured plain documentation... Please refer to the <u>?MkDoc manual</u> **for detailled syntax and usage** of discussed tags and list of other cool tags.

What goes in the generated doc

- Its embedded preprocessor enables MkDoc to **expose declarations which take place in macro expansion** with information about involved header files, macros and exact line positions. Please **do not comment things twice** when repeated but enclosed in a #if #else #endif as this is useless unless you want to show different macro contents for instance.
- The preprocessor **keeps track of nested conditional context** and the resulting conditional expression required for a declaration to actually take place is exposed in the documentation. This **includes configuration tokens** which are described in the documentation. Note that macros which are not documented are ignored here.
- Multiple declarations of the **same macro or symbol name are taken into account separately** but generate links to homonym declarations. This is useful for repeated declaration with different preprocessor

Useful tags 3

- conditions and for prototypes repeated in different files.
- Links against online MutekH source code repository with file and line number are generated correctly for each declaration **provided that the svn revision number is coherent** with the one in doc/mkdoc.conf

.

Generated output

The default is to generate html documentation in doc/html, but tweaks and other formats are available as described in MkDoc manual. You may for instance generate a latex source file:

make doc MKDOCFLAGS='--doc-format latex'