Trac Permissions

Error: Macro TracGuideToc(None) failed

```
'NoneType' object has no attribute 'find'
```

Trac uses a simple, case sensitive, permission system to control what users can and can't access.

Permission privileges are managed using the <u>trac-admin</u> tool or the *General / Permissions* panel in the *Admin* tab of the web interface.

In addition to the default permission policy described in this page, it is possible to activate additional permission policies by enabling plugins and listing them in the [trac] permission_policies configuration entry in the <u>TracIni</u>. See <u>TracFineGrainedPermissions</u> for more details.

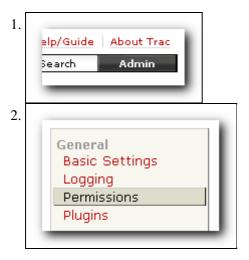
Non-authenticated users accessing the system are assigned the name "anonymous". Assign permissions to the "anonymous" user to set privileges for anonymous/guest users. The parts of Trac that a user does not have the privileges for will not be displayed in the navigation. In addition to these privileges, users can be granted additional individual rights in effect when authenticated and logged into the system. All logged in users belong to the virtual group "authenticated", which inherits permissions from "anonymous".

Graphical Admin Tab

To access this tab, a user must have one of the following permissions: TRAC_ADMIN, PERMISSION_ADMIN, PERMISSION_GRANT, PERMISSION_REVOKE. The permissions can be granted using the trac-admin command (more on trac-admin below):

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add bob TRAC_ADMIN
```

Then, the user bob will be able to see the Admin tab, and can then access the permissions menu. This menu will allow you to perform all the following actions, but from the browser without requiring root access to the server (just the correct permissions for your user account). **Use at least one lowercase character in user names, as all-uppercase names are reserved for permissions.**



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An easy way to quickly secure a new Trac install is to run the above command on the anonymous user, install the <u>AccountManagerPlugin</u>, create a new admin account graphically and then remove the TRAC_ADMIN permission from the anonymous user.

From the graphical admin tab, users with PERMISSION_GRANT will only be allowed to grant permissions that they possess, and users with PERMISSION_REVOKE will only be allowed to revoke permissions that they possess. For example, a user cannot grant MILESTONE_ADMIN unless they have PERMISSION_GRANT and MILESTONE_ADMIN, and they cannot revoke MILESTONE_ADMIN unless they have PERMISSION_REVOKE and MILESTONE_ADMIN. PERMISSION_ADMIN just grants the user both PERMISSION_GRANT and PERMISSION_REVOKE, and users with TRAC_ADMIN can grant or revoke any permission.

Available Privileges

To enable all privileges for a user, use the TRAC_ADMIN permission. Having TRAC_ADMIN is like being root on a *NIX system: it will allow you to perform any operation.

Otherwise, individual privileges can be assigned to users for the various different functional areas of Trac (**note that the privilege names are case-sensitive**):

Repository Browser

BROWSER_VIEW View directory listings in the repository browser

LOG_VIEW View revision logs of files and directories in the <u>repository browser</u>

FILE_VIEW View files in the <u>repository browser</u>

CHANGESET_VIEW View repository check-ins

Ticket System

TICKET_VIEW View existing tickets and perform ticket queries

TICKET_CREATE Create new tickets

TICKET_APPEND Add comments or attachments to <u>tickets</u>

Modify <u>ticket</u> properties (priority, assignment, keywords, etc.) with the

TICKET_CHGPROP following exceptions: edit description field, add/remove other users from cc

field when logged in, and set email to pref

Includes both TICKET_APPEND and TICKET_CHGPROP, and in addition

TICKET_MODIFY allows resolving tickets. Tickets can be assigned to users through a drop-down

list when the list of possible owners has been restricted.

TICKET_EDIT_CC Full modify cc field

TICKET_EDIT_DESCRIPTION Modify description field

Graphical Admin Tab

TICKET EDIT COMMENT

Modify another user's comments. Any user can modify their own comments by

default.

TICKET_BATCH_MODIFY

Batch modify tickets

All TICKET * permissions, deletion of ticket attachments and modification

of the reporter field, which grants ability to create a ticket on behalf of another

user (it will appear that another user created the ticket). It also allows

managing ticket properties through the web administration module.

Attention: the "view tickets" button appears with the REPORT_VIEW permission.

Roadmap

TICKET ADMIN

MILESTONE_VIEW View milestones and assign tickets to milestones.

MILESTONE_CREATE Create a new milestone
MILESTONE_MODIFY Modify existing milestones

MILESTONE_DELETE Delete milestones

MILESTONE_ADMIN All MILESTONE_* permissions

ROADMAP_VIEW View the <u>roadmap</u> page, is not (yet) the same as MILESTONE_VIEW, see <u>?#4292</u>

ROADMAP_ADMIN to be removed with <u>?#3022</u>, replaced by MILESTONE_ADMIN

Reports

REPORT_VIEW View reports, i.e. the "view tickets" link.

REPORT_SQL_VIEW View the underlying SQL query of a report

REPORT_CREATE Create new reports
REPORT_MODIFY Modify existing reports

REPORT_DELETE Delete reports

REPORT_ADMIN All REPORT_* permissions

Wiki System

WIKI_VIEW View existing <u>wiki</u> pages
WIKI_CREATE Create new <u>wiki</u> pages

WIKI_MODIFY Change wiki pages

WIKI_RENAME Rename wiki pages

WIKI_DELETE Delete wiki pages and attachments

 ${\tt WIKI_ADMIN} \quad All \, {\tt WIKI_^{\star}} \ permissions, \ plus \ the \ management \ of \ \it read only \ pages.$

Permissions

PERMISSION_GRANT add/grant a permission

 ${\tt PERMISSION_REVOKE} \ \ remove/revoke \ a \ permission$

PERMISSION_ADMIN All PERMISSION_* permissions

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Others

TIMELINE_VIEW	View the <u>timeline</u> page
SEARCH_VIEW	View and execute search queries
CONFIG_VIEW	Enables additional pages on <i>About Trac</i> that show the current configuration or the list of installed plugins
EMAIL_VIEW	Shows email addresses even if <u>trac show email addresses</u> configuration option is false
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Creating New Privileges

To create custom permissions, for example to be used in a custom workflow, enable the optional 2tracopt.perm.config perm provider.ExtraPermissionsProvider component in the "Plugins" admin panel, and add the desired permissions to the [extra-permissions] section in your trac.ini. For more information, please refer to the documentation on the TracIni page after enabling the component.

Granting Privileges

You grant privileges to users using <u>trac-admin</u>. The current set of privileges can be listed with the following command:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission list
```

This command will allow the user bob to delete reports:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add bob REPORT_DELETE
```

The permission add command also accepts multiple privilege names:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add bob REPORT_DELETE WIKI_CREATE
```

Or add all privileges:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add bob TRAC_ADMIN
```

Permission Groups

There are two built-in groups, "authenticated" and "anonymous". Any user who has not logged in is automatically in the "anonymous" group. Any user who has logged in is also in the "authenticated" group. The "authenticated" group inherits permissions from the "anonymous" group. For example, if the "anonymous" group has permission WIKI_MODIFY, it is not necessary to add the WIKI_MODIFY permission to the "authenticated" group as well.

Custom groups may be defined that inherit permissions from the two built-in groups.

Permissions can be grouped together to form roles such as developer, admin, etc.

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add developer WIKI_ADMIN
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add developer REPORT_ADMIN
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add developer TICKET_MODIFY
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add bob developer
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add john developer
```

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Group membership can be checked by doing a permission list with no further arguments; the resulting output will include group memberships. Use at least one lowercase character in group names, as all-uppercase names are reserved for permissions.

Adding a New Group and Permissions

Permission groups can be created by assigning a user to a group you wish to create, then assign permissions to that group.

The following will add *bob* to the new group called *beta_testers* and then will assign WIKI_ADMIN permissions to that group. (Thus, *bob* will inherit the WIKI_ADMIN permission)

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add bob beta_testers
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission add beta_testers WIKI_ADMIN
```

Removing Permissions

Permissions can be removed using the 'remove' command. For example:

This command will prevent the user *bob* from deleting reports:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission remove bob REPORT_DELETE
```

Just like permission add, this command accepts multiple privilege names.

You can also remove all privileges for a specific user:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission remove bob '*'
```

Or one privilege for all users:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv permission remove '*' REPORT_ADMIN
```

Default Permissions

By default on a new Trac installation, the anonymous user will have *view* access to everything in Trac, but will not be able to create or modify anything. On the other hand, the authenticated users will have the permissions to *create and modify tickets and wiki pages*.

anonymous

BROWSER_VIEW
CHANGESET_VIEW
FILE_VIEW
LOG_VIEW
MILESTONE_VIEW
REPORT_SQL_VIEW
REPORT_VIEW
ROADMAP_VIEW
SEARCH VIEW

Permission Groups 5

TICKET_VIEW
TIMELINE_VIEW
WIKI_VIEW

authenticated

TICKET_CREATE TICKET_MODIFY WIKI_CREATE WIKI_MODIFY

See also: <u>TracAdmin</u>, <u>TracGuide</u> and <u>TracFineGrainedPermissions</u>

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